Classification of Complete Left Branch Block (LBBB) - 2009

Dr. Andrés R. Pérez Riera

ACCORDING TO ELECTRICAL AXIS OF QRS COMPLEX IN THE FRONTAL PLANE LBBB HAS THE FOLLOGING CLASSIFICATION

- 1) With QRS axis not deviated: between -30 and +60 degree (≈ 65% to 70% of cases)
- 2) With QRS axis with extreme deviation to the left: beyond –30 degree (≈25% of cases)
- 3) With QRS axis deviated to the right: between +60 and +90 degreee(≈ 3.5 a 5% of cases)
- **4)** With QRS axis with extreme deviation to the right: beyond +90 degree (< than 1% of cases). It is named "paradoxical type of Lepeschkin".

CAUSES THAT DETERMINE PARADOXICAL COMPLETE LBBB:

- 1) Fascicular Complete LBBB (LAFB + LPFB) with a higher degree of block in the postero-inferior division;
- 2) Complete LBBB associated to right ventricular hypertrophy;
- **3)** Complete LBBB associated to lateral infarction(free wall of left ventricle);
- 4) Complete LBBB with accidental exchange of limb electrodes.